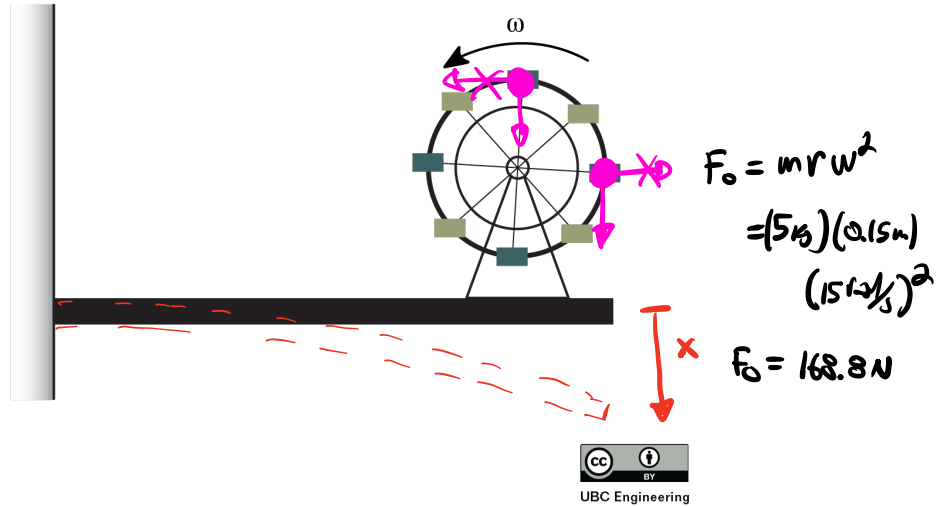


The world's smallest Ferris wheel ($m = 20\text{kg}$) is mounted on the end of a horizontal beam for no apparent reason. The wheel is mounted eccentrically in such a way that the eccentricity is equivalent to a mass of 5kg located 0.15m away from the axis of rotation. The static weight of the Ferris wheel causes a deflection of 20mm in the beam. Given that the wheel spins at a rate of 15 rad/sec , find the steady-state amplitude of vibration.



$$F = Kx \quad \Rightarrow \quad K = \frac{F}{\Delta x} = \frac{mg}{\Delta x} = \frac{(20\text{kg})(9.81\text{ m/s}^2)}{(0.02\text{m})} = 9810 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$$

Steady State:

$$x_p = \frac{F_0/K}{1 - \left(\frac{\omega_0}{\omega_n}\right)^2} \sin \omega_0 t$$

particular sol only

$$x_{\text{max ss}} = \left| \frac{F_0/K}{1 - \left(\frac{\omega_0}{\omega_n}\right)^2} \right| = \left| \frac{(168.8\text{ N}) / (9810\text{ N/m})}{1 - \left(\frac{15\text{ rad/s}}{22.147\text{ rad/s}}\right)^2} \right| = 0.0318\text{m}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{K}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{9810\text{ N/m}}{20\text{kg}}} = 22.147\text{ rad/s}$$

$$X = 0.03B_w = 3.18 \text{ cm}$$