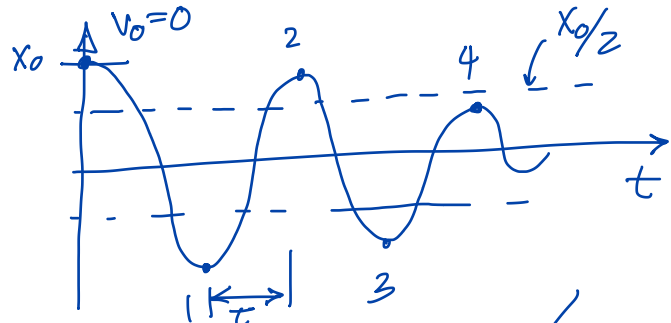
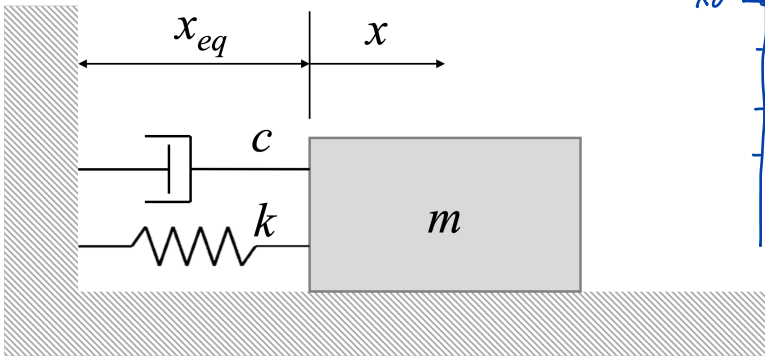


A 20 kg block on a frictionless surface is attached to a spring ($k = 700 \text{ N/m}$) and a damper ($c = 35 \text{ N-s/m}$). If the initial perturbation, x_0 , is 0.2 m ($v_0 = 0$), how many half-cycles will it take for the amplitude of the oscillation to peak at half the original displacement or less (i.e. $|x_{\text{peak}}| \leq |x_0/2|$)?

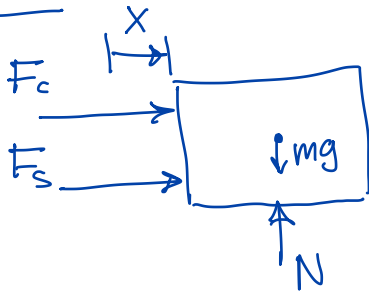


underdamped? ✓
 $c^2 < 4mk$

$$(35 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{s}}{\text{m}})^2 < 4(20\text{kg})(700\text{N/m})$$

$$1225 < 56000$$

FBD



$$F_s = -kx$$

$$F_c = -c\dot{x}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = 5.92 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\xi = \frac{c}{2m\omega_n} = 0.148 \text{ (no unit)}$$

$$\omega_d = \sqrt{1 - \xi^2} \omega_n = 5.85 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\sum F_x: F_c + F_s = m a_x = m \ddot{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow -c\dot{x} - kx = m\ddot{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{m\ddot{x} + c\dot{x} + kx}_{\text{must all be positive}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x} + \underbrace{\frac{c}{m}}_{2\omega_n\xi} \dot{x} + \underbrace{\frac{k}{m}}_{\omega_n^2} x = 0$$

Solution of the form:

$$x(t) = [C_1 \sin \omega_d t + C_2 \cos \omega_d t] e^{-\omega_n \xi t}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{x_0 + \omega_n \xi x_0}{\omega_d} \quad C_2 = x_0$$

consider peaks: $\frac{T}{2} = \frac{\pi}{\omega_d}$ or $t_n = \frac{n\pi}{\omega_d}$

where $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$
 (integers)

$$x(t_n) = \left[\frac{\omega_n \xi X_0}{\omega_d} \sin\left(\omega_d \cdot \frac{n\pi}{\omega_d}\right) + X_0 \cos\left(\omega_d \cdot \frac{n\pi}{\omega_d}\right) \right] e^{-\omega_n \xi \frac{n\pi}{\omega_d}}$$

$\sin(n\pi) = 0$ $\cos(n\pi) = \pm 1$

$$x(t_n) = [0 + X_0(\pm 1)] e^{-\omega_n \xi \frac{n\pi}{\omega_d}}$$

Find:

$$|x(t_n)| \leq \left| \frac{X_0}{2} \right|$$

$$\left| X_0 e^{-\omega_n \xi \frac{n\pi}{\omega_d}} \right| \leq \left| \frac{X_0}{2} \right|$$

$$\left| -\frac{\omega_n \xi n\pi}{\omega_d} \right| \leq \left| \ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right|$$

$$|-n| \leq \left| \frac{\omega_d \cdot \ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\omega_n \xi \pi} \right|$$

$$\leq \left| \frac{5.85 \text{ rad/s}}{5.92 \text{ rad/s} (0.148)(3.14)} \cdot (-0.693) \right|$$

$$|-n| \leq |-1.474|$$

$$n \geq 1.474$$

$$\boxed{n = 2}$$

